Solutions

## **Directions:**

1. Section: Math251 007

2. Write your name with one character in each box below.

3. Show all work. No credit for answers without work.

1. [3 points] Give parametric equations for the line through (2, 1, -5) that is parallel to  $\langle 1, 5, -1 \rangle$ .

$$\vec{r} = \langle 2, 1, -5 \rangle + t \langle 1, 5, -1 \rangle$$

$$(t) = 2 + t$$

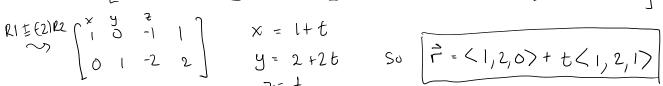
$$y(t) = 1 + 5t$$

$$z(t) = -5 - t$$

$$x(t) = 2+t$$
  
 $y(t) = 1+5t$   
 $z(t) = -5-t$ 

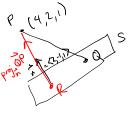
2. [3 points] Give a vector equation for the line at the intersection of planes x+2y-5z=5 and 3x - 2y + z = -1.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -5 & 5 \\ 3 & -2 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} & 22 \pm (-3)R1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -5 & 5 \\ 0 & -8 & 16 & -16 \end{bmatrix} & 22 \pm \frac{-5}{8} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -5 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$x = 1 + t$$
  
 $y = 2 + 2t$   
 $z = t$ 

- 3. Let S be the plane 2x y + z = 1 and let P be the point (4, 2, 1).
  - (a) [3 points] Find the distance between S and P.



Find base point Q on S: take Q = (0,0,1). Now 
$$\vec{QP} = \langle 4,2,0 \rangle$$
  
Distance =  $|Proj_{\vec{n}} \vec{QP}| = |\frac{\vec{QP} \cdot \vec{n}}{|\vec{n}|^2} \vec{n}| = \frac{|QP \cdot \vec{n}|}{|\vec{n}|} = \frac{|\langle 4,2,0 \rangle \cdot \langle 2,-1,1 \rangle|}{|\langle 2,-1,1 \rangle|}$ 

$$= \frac{|(4)(2) + (2)(-1) + (0)(1)|}{\sqrt{2^2 + (-1)^2 + 1^2}} = \frac{|6|}{\sqrt{4+2}} = \frac{6}{\sqrt{6}} = \sqrt{6}$$

(b) [1 point] Find the point on S that is closest to P.

Closest Point = 
$$P - proj_{\vec{n}} \vec{QP} = (4,2,1) - \frac{\vec{QP} \cdot \vec{n}}{\vec{N} \cdot \vec{n}} \vec{n} = (4,2,1) - \frac{6}{6} \vec{n} = (4,2,1) - (2,-1,1)$$

$$= (2,3,0)$$